

In the Claims

## Claims 1-49 (Cancelled)

Claim 50 (Previously presented): A composition of matter comprising:

a) an isolated polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- 1) an amino acid sequence comprising that recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112;
- 2) a fragment of said amino acid sequence which functions as an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor, or has an antigenic determinant in common with a polypeptide according to 1);
- 3) a functional equivalent of 1) or 2);
- 4) an amino acid sequence consisting of that recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112;
- 5) the fragment of 2), wherein the fragment comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:113 or SEQ ID NO:115, or a functional equivalent thereof;
- 6) the fragment of 2), wherein the fragment consists of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:113 or SEQ ID NO:115, or a functional equivalent thereof;
- 7) the fragment of 2), wherein the fragment comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:117, SEQ ID NO:119, and SEQ ID NO:121, or a functional equivalent of any of the foregoing;
- 8) the fragment of 2), wherein the fragment consists of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:117, SEQ ID NO:119, and SEQ ID NO:121, or a functional equivalent of any of the foregoing;
- 9) the functional equivalent of 3), wherein the functional equivalent is homologous to the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, and wherein the functional equivalent is an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor;

10) the functional equivalent of 3), wherein the functional equivalent is an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor, and wherein the functional equivalent has greater than 80% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, or with an active fragment thereof;

11) the functional equivalent of 3), wherein the functional equivalent exhibits significant structural homology with a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112;

12) the fragment of 2), wherein the fragment has an antigenic determinant in common with the amino acid sequence of 1), and wherein the antigenic determinant consists of at least 7 amino acid residues from the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112;

b) a purified nucleic acid molecule:

1) encoding a polypeptide of any of a1) to a12);

2) comprising the nucleic acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:67 or SEQ ID NO:111, or a redundant equivalent or fragment thereof;

3) consisting of the nucleic acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:67 or SEQ ID NO:111, or a redundant equivalent or fragment thereof;

4) comprising a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:114, SEQ ID NO:116, SEQ ID NO:118, SEQ ID NO:120, and SEQ ID NO:122, or a redundant equivalent of any of the foregoing;

5) consisting of a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:114, SEQ ID NO:116, SEQ ID NO:118, SEQ ID NO:120, and SEQ ID NO:122, or a redundant equivalent of any of the foregoing;

6) that hybridizes under high stringency conditions with a nucleic acid molecule of any of b1) to b5);

c) a vector comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to any one of b1) to b6);

d) a host cell transformed with a vector or a nucleic acid molecule according to any one of b) or c);

e) a ligand:

- 1) that binds specifically to the polypeptide of any of a1) to a12);
- 2) which is an antibody that binds specifically to the polypeptide of any of a1) to a12);

f) a compound:

- 1) that increases the level of expression or activity of a polypeptide according to any of a1) to a12);
- 2) that decreases the level of expression or activity of a polypeptide according to any of a1) to a12);

g) a compound that binds to a polypeptide according to any of a1) to a12) without inducing any of the biological effects of the polypeptide;

h) a compound that binds to a polypeptide according to any of a1) to a12) without inducing any of the biological effects of the polypeptide, wherein the compound is a natural or modified substrate, ligand, enzyme, receptor or structural or functional mimetic;

i) a pharmaceutical composition comprising any one of a) to h), and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier;

j) a vaccine composition comprising any one of a1) to a12) or b1) to b6);

k) a kit for diagnosing disease, comprising a first container containing a nucleic acid probe that hybridizes under stringent conditions with a nucleic acid molecule of any one of b1) to b6), a second container containing primers useful for amplifying the nucleic acid molecule, and instructions for using the probe and primers for facilitating the diagnosis of disease;

l) a kit for diagnosing disease, comprising a first container containing a nucleic acid probe that hybridizes under stringent conditions with a nucleic acid molecule of any one of b1) to b6); a second container containing primers useful for amplifying the nucleic acid molecule; a third container holding an agent for digesting unhybridized RNA; and instructions for using the probe and primers for facilitating the diagnosis of disease;

m) a kit comprising an array of nucleic acid molecules, at least one of which is a nucleic acid molecule according to any one of b1) to b6);

n) a kit comprising one or more antibodies that bind to a polypeptide as recited in any one of a1) to a12); and a reagent useful for the detection of a binding reaction between the one or more antibodies and the polypeptide; or

o) a transgenic or knockout non-human animal that has been transformed to express higher, lower, or absent levels of a polypeptide according to any one of a1) to a12).

**Claim 51 (Previously presented):** A method of using a composition of matter, comprising obtaining a composition of matter according to claim 50 and using said composition of matter in a method selected from: diagnosing a disease in a patient; treatment of a disease in a patient; monitoring the therapeutic treatment of a disease; identification of a compound that is effective in the treatment and/or diagnosis of a disease; and screening candidate compounds.

**Claim 52 (Previously presented):** The method of claim 51, wherein said method of using a composition of matter comprises the method for treatment of a disease, comprising administering to the patient a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- a) an amino acid sequence comprising that recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112;
- b) a fragment of said amino acid sequence which functions as an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor, or has an antigenic determinant in common with a polypeptide according to a);
- c) a functional equivalent of a) or b);
- d) an amino acid sequence consisting of that recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112;
- e) the fragment of b), wherein the fragment comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:113 or SEQ ID NO:115, or a functional equivalent thereof;
- f) the fragment of b), wherein the fragment consists of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:113 or SEQ ID NO:115, or a functional equivalent thereof;
- g) the fragment of b), wherein the fragment comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:117, SEQ ID NO:119, and SEQ ID NO:121, or a functional equivalent of any of the foregoing;

h) the fragment of b), wherein the fragment consists of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:117, SEQ ID NO:119, and SEQ ID NO:121, or a functional equivalent of any of the foregoing;

i) the functional equivalent of c), wherein the functional equivalent is homologous to the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, and wherein the functional equivalent is an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor;

j) the functional equivalent of c), wherein the functional equivalent is an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor, and wherein the functional equivalent has greater than 80% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, or with an active fragment thereof;

k) the functional equivalent of c), wherein the functional equivalent exhibits significant structural homology with a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112; and

l) the fragment of b), wherein the fragment has an antigenic determinant in common with the amino acid sequence of a), and wherein the antigenic determinant consists of at least 7 amino acid residues from the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112.

Claim 53 (Previously presented): The method of claim 51, wherein said method of using a composition of matter comprises the method for treatment of a disease, comprising administering to the patient a nucleic acid molecule:

a) encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: an amino acid sequence comprising that recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112; a fragment of said amino acid sequence which functions as an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor, or has an antigenic determinant in common with the polypeptide; a functional equivalent of the amino acid sequence or the fragment; an amino acid sequence consisting of that recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112; a fragment comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:113 or SEQ ID NO:115, or a functional equivalent thereof; a fragment consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:113 or SEQ ID NO:115, or a functional equivalent thereof; a fragment comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:117, SEQ ID NO:119, and SEQ ID

NO:121, or a functional equivalent of any of the foregoing; a fragment consisting of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:117, SEQ ID NO:119, and SEQ ID NO:121, or a functional equivalent of any of the foregoing; a functional equivalent of SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, wherein the functional equivalent is homologous to the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, and wherein the functional equivalent is an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor; a functional equivalent of SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, wherein the functional equivalent is an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor, and wherein the functional equivalent has greater than 80% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, or with an active fragment thereof; a functional equivalent SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, wherein the functional equivalent exhibits significant structural homology with a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112; and a fragment of SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112, wherein the fragment has an antigenic determinant in common with the amino acid sequence of 1), and wherein the antigenic determinant consists of at least 7 amino acid residues from the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112;

- b) comprising the nucleic acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:67 or SEQ ID NO:111, or a redundant equivalent or fragment thereof;
- c) consisting of the nucleic acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:67 or SEQ ID NO:111, or a redundant equivalent or fragment thereof;
- d) comprising a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:114, SEQ ID NO:116, SEQ ID NO:118, SEQ ID NO:120, and SEQ ID NO:122, or a redundant equivalent of any of the foregoing;
- e) consisting of a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:114, SEQ ID NO:116, SEQ ID NO:118, SEQ ID NO:120, and SEQ ID NO:122, or a redundant equivalent of any of the foregoing; or
- f) that hybridizes under high stringency conditions with a nucleic acid molecule of any of a) to e).

Claims 54-58 (Cancelled)

Claim 59 (Previously presented): The method of claim 51, wherein said method of using a composition of matter comprises the method for treatment of a disease, and wherein the disease includes reproductive disorders, cell proliferative disorders, including neoplasm, melanoma, lung, colorectal, breast, pancreas, head and neck and other solid tumours; myeloproliferative disorders, such as leukemia, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, leukopenia, thrombocytopenia, angiogenesis disorder, Kaposi's sarcoma; autoimmune/inflammatory disorders, including allergy, inflammatory bowel disease, pancreatitis, arthritis, psoriasis, psoriasis vulgaris, respiratory tract inflammation, asthma, and organ transplant rejection; cardiovascular disorders, including hypertension, oedema, angina, atherosclerosis, thrombosis, sepsis, shock, reperfusion injury, and ischemia, particularly ischemic heart disease; neurological disorders including central nervous system disease, Alzheimer's disease, brain injury, Parkinson's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and pain; developmental disorders; metabolic disorders including diabetes mellitus, osteoporosis, and obesity, AIDS, renal disease, particularly idiopathic nephrotic syndrome; lung injury; infections including viral infection, bacterial infection, fungal infection and parasitic infection, particularly *Trypanosoma cruzi* infection and other pathological conditions.

Claim 60 (Previously presented): The method of claim 51, wherein said method of using a composition of matter comprises the method for treatment of a disease, and wherein the disease is one for which the expression of the natural gene or the activity of the polypeptide is lower in a diseased patient when compared to the level of expression or activity in a healthy patient, the polypeptide, nucleic acid molecule, vector, ligand, compound or composition administered to the patient is an agonist.

Claim 61 (Previously presented): The method of claim 51, wherein said method of using a composition of matter comprises the method for treatment of a disease, and wherein the disease is one for which expression of the natural gene or activity of the polypeptide is higher in a diseased patient when compared to the level of expression or activity in a healthy patient, the polypeptide,

nucleic acid molecule, vector, ligand, compound or composition administered to the patient is an antagonist.

Claim 62 (Cancelled)

Claim 63 (Previously presented): The method of claim 62, which is carried out *in vitro*.

Claims 64-67 (Cancelled)

Claim 68 (Previously presented): The method of claim 67, further comprising amplifying the nucleic acid molecule to form an amplified product and detecting the presence or absence of a mutation in the amplified product.

Claim 69 (Previously presented): The method of claim 67, wherein the presence or absence of the mutation in the patient is detected by contacting said nucleic acid molecule with a nucleic acid probe that hybridises to said nucleic acid molecule under stringent conditions to form a hybrid double-stranded molecule, the hybrid double-stranded molecule having an unhybridised portion of the nucleic acid probe strand at any portion corresponding to a mutation associated with disease; and detecting the presence or absence of an unhybridised portion of the probe strand as an indication of the presence or absence of a disease-associated mutation.

Claim 70 (Previously presented): The method of claim 62, wherein said disease includes, but is not limited to reproductive disorders, cell proliferative disorders, including neoplasm, melanoma, lung, colorectal, breast, pancreas, head and neck and other solid tumours; myeloproliferative disorders, such as leukemia, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, leukopenia, thrombocytopenia, angiogenesis disorder, Kaposi's sarcoma; autoimmune/inflammatory disorders, including allergy, inflammatory bowel disease, pancreatitis, arthritis, psoriasis, psoriasis vulgaris, respiratory tract inflammation, asthma, and organ transplant rejection; cardiovascular disorders, including hypertension, oedema, angina, atherosclerosis, thrombosis, sepsis, shock, reperfusion injury, and ischemia, particularly

ischemic heart disease; neurological disorders including central nervous system disease, Alzheimer's disease, brain injury, Parkinson's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and pain; developmental disorders; metabolic disorders including diabetes mellitus, osteoporosis, and obesity, AIDS, renal disease, particularly idiopathic nephrotic syndrome; lung injury; infections including viral infection, bacterial infection, fungal infection and parasitic infection, particularly *Trypanosoma cruzi* infection and other pathological conditions.

Claim 71 (Previously presented): The method of claim 62, wherein said disease is a disease in which alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitors are implicated.

Claims 72-74 (Cancelled)

Claim 75 (Previously presented): An isolated polypeptide comprising:

- a) the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:68 or SEQ ID NO:112;
- b) a fragment thereof which functions as an alpha-2-macroglobulin-like proteinase inhibitor, or has an antigenic determinant in common with a polypeptide according to a); or
- c) a functional equivalent of a) or b).

Claim 76 (Previously presented): The isolated polypeptide of claim 75, wherein the polypeptide is a fragment comprising the amino acid sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:113 or SEQ ID NO:115, or a functional equivalent thereof.

Claim 77 (Previously presented): The isolated polypeptide of claim 75, wherein the polypeptide is a fragment comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:117, SEQ ID NO:119, and SEQ ID NO:121, or a functional equivalent thereof.